

**Amendments to the Claims:**

Please amend claim 1 and add new claim 13 as follows.

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of claims:**

1. (currently amended) A trench isolation method for forming a semiconductor device comprising:
  - forming an etching mask pattern on a semiconductor substrate to expose a predetermined region of the semiconductor substrate;
  - etching the exposed semiconductor substrate, using the etching mask pattern as an etching mask, to form a trench;
  - forming an insulating layer over the trench and nearby regions, the insulating layer filling the trench;
  - providing a high-temperature oxide (HTO) layer on the insulating layer, the HTO layer being formed at a temperature of 700C - 800C using a silane-based source gas, the underlying insulating layer being densified during formation of the HTO layer;
  - planarly etching the HTO layer and the insulating layer down to a top surface of the etching mask pattern to form a device isolation layer pattern in the trench; and
  - removing the exposed etching mask pattern.
2. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the insulating layer is selected from a group of materials consisting of high density plasma (HDP) oxide or undoped silicate glass (USG).
3. Canceled

4. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein forming the etching mask pattern includes:

forming a pad oxide layer on the semiconductor substrate;  
forming an etch-stop layer on the pad oxide layer; and  
patterning the etch-stop layer and the pad oxide layer to expose the predetermined region of the substrate.

5. (original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the pad oxide layer is formed to a thickness of 20Å~200Å.

6. (original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the etch-stop layer comprises silicon nitride with a thickness of 500Å~2000Å.

7. (original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the etch-stop layer comprises a polysilicon layer and an HTO layer which are sequentially stacked.

8. (original) The method of Claim 1 further comprising, prior to forming the insulating layer:

forming an oxide layer on an inner wall and bottom of the trench; and  
forming an oxidation barrier layer on the oxide layer.

9. (previously presented) The method of Claim 8, wherein the oxide layer comprises thermal oxide or chemical vapor deposition (CVD) oxide with a thickness of 20Å~200Å.

10. (previously presented) The method of Claim 8, wherein the oxidation barrier layer comprises silicon nitride with a thickness of 20Å~300Å.

11. (original) The method of Claim 8 further comprising forming a capping layer between the oxidation barrier layer and the insulating layer.
12. (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the capping layer is made of CVD oxide with a thickness of 20Å~300Å.
13. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein the silane-based source gas comprises silane ( $\text{SiH}_4$ ) gas.